agility at scale – a meeting of mindsets

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part l

a tale of two mindsets

the digital product mindset vs the industrial mindset

higher uncertainty, need for learning

low uncertainty, well understood



Martha Lane Fox

results measured by customer impact

organised by product, rewards generalists

maximise discovery through experimentation

results measured by output

organised by function, rewards specialists

minimise variance through strict controls



Isambard Kingdom Brunel

digital product mindset introduces new habits

automate all along the value stream Don't slow down delivery "shift left" on testing, infosec, compliance Decisions when they're needed, at the right level know that we don't know, defer decisions leadership defines boundaries, team makes decisions Do it with the right people "you build it, you run it" - teams support their own apps Go see for yourself specialists embedded in the team team members interact directly with customers Only do it if it adds value delivery, discovery, kaizen Trust and verify "hire smart people and get out of their way"



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industrial habits clash with digital product mindset

release coordination: CAB as gatekeeper Don't slow down delivery formal integration and test stages Decisions when they're needed, at the right level up-front technical and visual design, work breakdown priorities and design mandated from above Do it with the right people separation of make and operate functions Go see for yourself specialist development happens outside of the team separation of business and delivery teams Only do it if it adds value following the process "because that is what we do" Trust and verify introduce more process when things go wrong

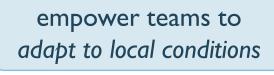


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agility at scale requires both mindsets

product teams build and run their own products

tech ops teams build and run runtime-as-a-product



harvest and amplify components for reuse

teams track and report on their own progress

leadership defines overall expectations



Martha Lane Fox

autonomy with alignment



part 2

autonomy with alignment

alignment (n): in line with or in agreement with others

alignment of direction

strategy

- through product strategy

practice

- through connecting people

focus

execution

- through cascaded OKRs

autonomy (n): independent of other organisms or parts

autonomy requires

- an objective
- constraints
- accountability

demand side

- capability
- resources
- authority

supply side

autonomy liquidity

each element is an asset

- objective, constraints, accountability, capability, resources, authority

each asset has liquidity

- how easy is it to obtain or change?

use liquidity to guide strategy

- remember, liquidity changes with time!

is it easy to obtain?

- go and get some!

is it harder to obtain?

- try to "borrow" some

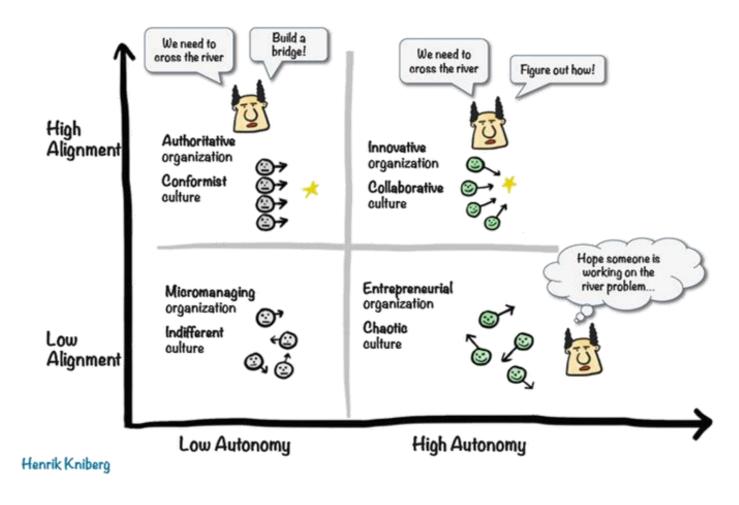
is it impossible to obtain (for now)?

- find another way (for now)

we need both autonomy and alignment

alignment without autonomy is autocracy

autonomy without alignment is anarchy

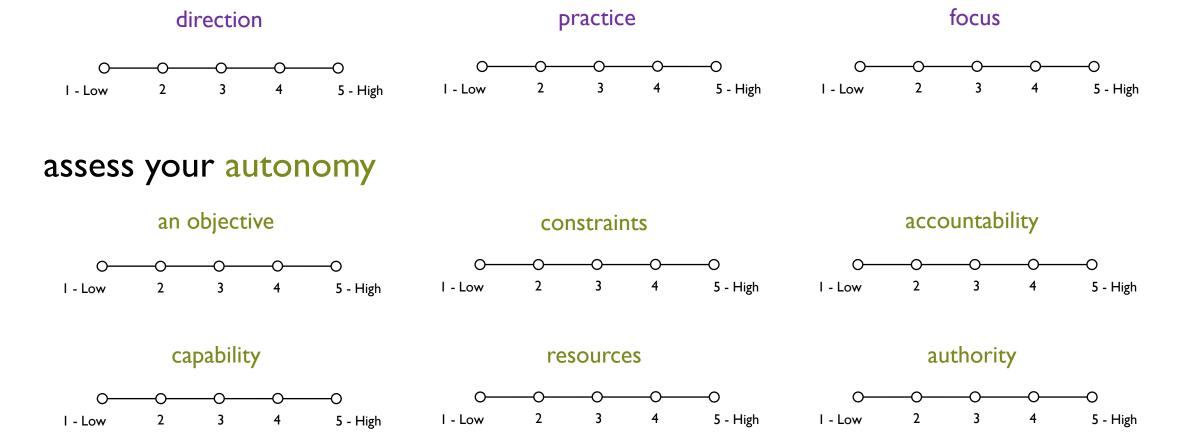


getting started

- I. how aligned is your organisation?
 - do you know its purpose?
 - do you have OKRs cascading down and rolling up?
 - how can teams more effectively share methods, tools, and experience?

- 2. how autonomous is your team, or the teams in your organisation?
 - assess yourself against each element of autonomy

assess your alignment



which of these is your biggest impediment? how can you address this?

agility at scale - a meeting of mindsets

you don't "scale agile"; you can't scale agile

you can enable agility at scale, through autonomy with alignment

- this requires both industrial and digital product thinking

alignment comes through direction, practice, focus autonomy comes through managing liquidity

thank you, any questions?

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